

## 1. Identification

<b>Product identifier</b>	<b>EROXON ERECTILE DYSFUNTION GEL (FN-2414-0001)</b>
<b>Other means of identification</b>	
<b>Product code</b>	FN-2414-0001
<b>Synonyms</b>	FN-2414-0001 * PROJECT FELIX
<b>Recommended use</b>	This safety data sheet is written to provide health, safety and environmental information for people handling this formulated product in the workplace. It is not intended to provide information relevant to medicinal use of the product. In this instance patients should consult prescribing information/package insert/product label or consult their pharmacist or physician. For health and safety information for individual ingredients used during manufacturing, refer to the appropriate safety data sheet for each ingredient.
	Consumer Healthcare Product
	Medicinal Device
<b>Recommended restrictions</b>	No other uses are advised.
<b>Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information</b>	

<b>COMPANY NAME</b>	Haleon PLC
<b>Address:</b>	184 Liberty Corner Road, Suite 200 Warren, NJ 07059 USA
<b>Telephone:</b>	+1-908-293-4000 (General Inquiries)
<b>Email:</b>	msds@haleon.com
<b>Website:</b>	www.haleon.com

## EMERGENCY CONTACTS

	3E GLOBAL INCIDENT RESPONSE
<b>Telephone:</b>	+ (1) 760 476 3971 (In country) + (1) 760 476 3962 or + (1) 866 519 4752 (International) 24/7; multi-language response
<b>Contract Number:</b>	335879

## 2. Hazard(s) identification

<b>Physical hazards</b>	Flammable liquids	Category 3
<b>Health hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	Not classified.	
<b>OSHA defined hazards</b>	Not classified.	

### Label elements



<b>Signal word</b>	Warning
<b>Hazard statement</b>	Flammable liquid and vapor.
<b>Precautionary statement</b>	

<b>Prevention</b>	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting// equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
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<b>Response</b>	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. In case of fire: Use to extinguish.
<b>Storage</b>	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
<b>Disposal</b>	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
<b>Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)</b>	None known.
<b>Supplemental information</b>	35.19% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute dermal toxicity. 24% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute hazards to the aquatic environment. 24% of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown long-term hazards to the aquatic environment.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
ETHANOL	ALCOHOL ANHYDROUS ANHYDROUS ETHANOL ANHYDROUS ETHYL ALCOHOL ETHANOL 200 PROOF ETHYL ALCOHOL ETHYL ALCOHOL USP 200 PROOF (USI) ) ETHYL ALCOHOL, 100% ETHYL HYDROXIDE GRAIN ALCOHOL ETHANOL	64-17-5	30 - < 40
GLYCERIN	GLYCEROL GLYCERIN ANHYDROUS GLYCERINE GLYCERITOL GLYCYL ALCOHOL 1,2,3-PROPANETRIOL PROPANETRIOL GLYROL GLYSANIN TRIHIDROXYPROPANE 1,2,3-TRIHIDROXYPROPANE OSMOGLYN	56-81-5	20 - < 30
PROPYLENE GLYCOL	1,2-PROPANEDIOL 1,2-DIHYDROXYPROPANE 2-HYDROXYPROPANOL ISOPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYLETHYLENE GLYCOL METHYLETHYL GLYCOL MONOPROPYLENE GLYCOL 2,3-PROPANEDIOL ALPHA-PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1,2-PROPYLENE GLYCOL (RS)-1,2-PROPANEDIOL 1,2-(RS)-PROPANEDIOL 1,2-PROPANDIOL DL-1,2-PROPANEDIOL DL-PROPYLENE GLYCOL PROPANE-1,2-DIOL (PROPYLENE GLYCOL) PROPANE-1-2-DIOL PROPANEDIOL, 1,2-	57-55-6	5 - < 10

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE	POTASSIUM HYDRATE POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, DRY SOLID, FLAKE, BEAD OR GRANULAR POTASSA CAUSTIC POTASH POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (DRY SOLID, FLAKE, BEAD OR GRANULAR) UN 1813 HKO OHS19431 RTECS TT2100000 KOH GI151106X 184 (GW ACN)	1310-58-3	< 0.2
Other components below reportable levels			30 - < 40

#### 4. First-aid measures

<b>Inhalation</b>	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed</b>	Headache. Coughing.
<b>Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed</b>	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital.
<b>General information</b>	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

<b>Suitable extinguishing media</b>	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
<b>Unsuitable extinguishing media</b>	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
<b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
<b>Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters</b>	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
<b>Fire fighting equipment/instructions</b>	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
<b>Specific methods</b>	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
<b>General fire hazards</b>	Flammable liquid and vapor.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

<b>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</b>	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
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**Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up**

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

**Environmental precautions****7. Handling and storage****Precautions for safe handling**

Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

**8. Exposure controls/personal protection****Occupational exposure limits**

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

**Haleon Exposure Limits**

Components	Type	Value	Form
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)	OHC	1	CORROSIVE

**US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)**

Components	Type	Value	Form
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	PEL	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1000 ppm	
GLYCERIN (CAS 56-81-5)	PEL	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction. Total dust.

**US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values**

Components	Type	Value
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	STEL	1000 ppm
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)	Ceiling	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards**

Components	Type	Value
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)	TWA	1900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 1000 ppm
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)	TWA	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

**US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides**

Components	Type	Value	Form
PROPYLENE GLYCOL (CAS 57-55-6)	TWA	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Aerosol.

**Biological limit values**

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

<b>Appropriate engineering controls</b>	Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.
<b>Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment</b>	
<b>Eye/face protection</b>	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).
<b>Skin protection</b>	
<b>Hand protection</b>	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
<b>Other</b>	Wear suitable protective clothing.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
<b>General hygiene considerations</b>	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

<b>Physical state</b>	Liquid.
<b>Form</b>	Not available.
<b>Color</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor</b>	Not available.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point/freezing point</b>	Not available.
<b>Initial boiling point and boiling range</b>	Not available.
<b>Flash point</b>	77 °F (25 °C)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not applicable.

### Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

<b>Explosive limit - lower (%)</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive limit - upper (%)</b>	Not available.

<b>Vapor pressure</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.

### Solubility(ies)

<b>Solubility (water)</b>	Not available.
<b>Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)</b>	Not available.

**Auto-ignition temperature** Not available.

**Decomposition temperature** Not available.

**Viscosity** Not available.

### Other information

<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not explosive.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Not oxidizing.
<b>Percent volatile</b>	33.7 % estimated

## 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

**Chemical stability** Material is stable under normal conditions.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** Hazardous polymerization does not occur.

<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	Strong oxidizing agents.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	No hazardous decomposition products are known.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

<b>Inhalation</b>	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
<b>Skin contact</b>	No adverse effects due to skin contact are expected.
<b>Eye contact</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
<b>Ingestion</b>	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

**Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics** Headache. Coughing.

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** Not known.

Components	Species	Test Results
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
<i>Vapor</i>		
LC50	Rat	116.9 mg/l, 4 Hours
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	10470 mg/kg
<u>Chronic</u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LOAEL	Monkey	40 %, 48 months % ingested calories
<u>Subacute</u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LOEL	Rat	16.9 g/kg, 4 weeks Dietary - Dose given as g/kg/day 6 %, 4 weeks percent in diet - continuous
<u>Subchronic</u>		
<b>Inhalation</b>		
LOEL	Rat	2 ml, 36 weeks haematological parameters
NOAEL	Guinea pig	3000 ppm No adverse effects
	Rat	86 mg/m3, 90 Day Daily dosing
<b>Oral</b>		
LOAEL	Rat	5000 mg/kg/day, 10 weeks Liver toxicity 80 ml/kg, 85 Day Daily dose - Liver toxicity 10.2 g/kg, 12 weeks Dosed in drinking water - Continuous 7.7 g/kg, 12 weeks Dosed in drinking water - continuous
GLYCERIN (CAS 56-81-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	> 2000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)		
<b>Acute</b>		
<b>Oral</b>		
LD50	Rat	273 mg/kg
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
<b>Corrosivity</b>		
ETHANOL		OECD 404 Result: Negative; not considered a significant irritant Species: Rabbit
<b>Serious eye damage/eye irritation</b>	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
<b>Eye</b>		
ETHANOL		OECD 405 Result: Severe Species: Rabbit
<b>Respiratory or skin sensitization</b>		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
<b>Skin sensitization</b>	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
<b>Sensitization</b>		
ETHANOL		OECD 406 Result: Negative Species: Guinea pig
<b>Germ cell mutagenicity</b>	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
<b>Mutagenicity</b>		
ETHANOL		Ames Result: Negative Chromosomal Aberration Assay In Vitro, CHO cells Result: Negative Dominant lethal assay Result: Positive Species: Mouse Dominant lethal assay Result: Positive Species: Rat Gene mutation and repair Result: Negative Species: Bacteria Gene mutation and repair Result: Positive Species: Bacteria In vitro cytogenetics assay Result: Positive In vitro cytogenetics assay Result: Positive Species: Aspergillus niger in vitro micronucleus assay Result: Negative in vivo cytogenetics assay Result: Negative Species: Hamster in vivo cytogenetics assay Result: Negative Species: Rat in vivo cytogenetics assay Result: Positive Species: Mouse L5178Y mouse lymphoma thymidine kinase locus assay Result: Weakly positive sister chromatid exchange Result: Positive Yeast mutation Result: Negative

**Mutagenicity**  
ETHANOL

Yeast mutation  
Result: Positive

**Carcinogenicity**  
ETHANOL

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

0, inadequate study  
Result: Increase in liver sarcomas  
Species: Mouse  
0, inadequate study  
Result: Negative  
Species: Hamster  
Test Duration: 807 Day  
0, inadequate study  
Result: Negative  
Species: Mouse  
Test Duration: 1020 Day  
0, inadequate study  
Result: Negative  
Species: Rat  
0, inadequate study  
Result: Negative  
Species: Rat  
Test Duration: 78 weeks  
0, inadequate study  
Result: Time to tumour reduced  
Species: Mouse  
Test Duration: 80 weeks  
Epidemiology, causation linked to excessive consumption.  
Species: Human  
Organ: oral cavity, larynx, pharynx, oesophagus, liver  
Neonatal, inadequate study  
Result: Negative  
Species: Rat

**IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity**

Not listed.

**OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)**

Not listed.

**US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens**

Not listed.

**Reproductive toxicity**

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

**Reproductivity**

ETHANOL

0.3 - 4.1 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose  
Species: Monkey  
Organ: facial anomalies, nervous system dysfunction  
1 - 2 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose  
Result: embryolethality  
Species: Rat  
1.8 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose  
Result: Increased abortion  
Species: Monkey  
5 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose -  
intravenous  
Result: reduced foetal body weight; no malformations or  
other variations  
Species: Monkey  
7 - 17 g/kg Embryo-foetal development - Oral, daily dose -  
gavage  
Species: Rat  
Organ: skeletal malformations, dilated renal pelves  
Embryofetal Development, in utero - 36% total calories  
Species: Rat  
Organ: gonadal growth and development  
Embryo-foetal development - Oral, 15-30% in diet  
Result: resorptions, neural defects, cardiac malformations  
Species: Mouse

**Reproductivity**  
ETHANOL

Embryo-foetal development - Oral, Causation is linked to excessive consumption.  
Species: Human  
Organ: growth deficiency, CNS dysfunction, facial defects, major organ malformation  
Fertility, Female, 10% in drinking water  
Result: Negative  
Species: Rat  
Fertility, Female, 20-25% total calories  
Result: Negative  
Species: Rat  
Fertility, Male, 5-6% v/v liquid diet  
Species: Mouse  
Organ: significant effects on testes and seminal vesicles  
Test Duration: 70 Day

**Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure** Not classified.  
**Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure** Not classified.  
**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.  
**Chronic effects** Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

**12. Ecological information**

**Ecotoxicity** The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Algae	EC50	Blue-green algae (Microcystis aeruginosa) 1450 mg/L, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna) 9190 mg/L, 48 hours Static test
Fish	EC50	Fathead minnow (Adult Pimephales promelas) 14200 mg/L, 96 hours Flow-through test
		Rainbow trout (Adult Salmo gairdneri) 13000 mg/L, 96 hours Static test
POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3)		
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Fish	EC50	Mosquito fish (Adult Gambusia affinis) 80 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
PROPYLENE GLYCOL (CAS 57-55-6)		
<i>Acute</i>		
	IC50	Activated sludge > 1000 mg/l, 3 hours
<b>Aquatic</b>		
<i>Acute</i>		
Algae	EC50	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum) 19000 mg/l, 14 days
	NOEC	Green algae (Selenastrum capricornutum) 15000 mg/l, 14 days
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia 43500 mg/l, 48 hours
	NOEC	Daphnia 28500 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	EC50	Fathead minnow (Adult Pimephales promelas) 51400 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
		Rainbow trout (Adult Oncorhyncus mykiss) 51600 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
	NOEC	Fathead minnow (Adult Pimephales promelas) 41000 mg/l, 96 hours Static test

Components	Species	Test Results
	Rainbow trout (Adult Oncorhynchus mykiss)	42000 mg/l, 96 hours Static test
Microtox	EC50	Microtox 51400 mg/l, 30 minutes

**Persistence and degradability** No data is available on the degradability of this product.

#### Photolysis

##### Half-life (Photolysis-aqueous)

ETHANOL 1 - 36.6 Years Measured  
 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 1.3 - 2.3 Years Estimated

##### Half-life (Photolysis-atmospheric)

ETHANOL 4 - 5.9 Days Estimated  
 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 32 Hours Estimated

#### Biodegradability

##### Percent degradation (Aerobic biodegradation-inherent)

ETHANOL 37 - 86 %, 5 days BOD5, Activated sludge  
 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 62 %, 5 days BOD5, Activated sludge  
 79 %, 20 Days BOD20, Activated sludge

##### Percent degradation (Anaerobic biodegradation)

PROPYLENE GLYCOL 100 %, 9 days

**Bioaccumulative potential** Not available.

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

ETHANOL -0.31  
 GLYCERIN -1.76  
 PROPYLENE GLYCOL -1.35

#### Bioconcentration factor (BCF)

PROPYLENE GLYCOL < 1 Estimated

**Mobility in soil** No data available.

#### Adsorption

##### Soil/sediment sorption - log Koc

ETHANOL 1.2 Calculated

**Mobility in general**

#### Volatility

##### Henry's law

ETHANOL 0.000005 atm m3/mol Measured  
 PROPYLENE GLYCOL 0 atm m<sup>3</sup>/mol Estimated

**Other adverse effects** No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

### 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Dispose of this material and its container to hazardous or special waste collection point. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not incinerate sealed containers. If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

**Local disposal regulations** Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

**Hazardous waste code** D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F  
 The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

**Waste from residues / unused products** Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

**Contaminated packaging** Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

### 14. Transport information

DOT

**UN number** UN1170  
**UN proper shipping name** Ethanol or Ethyl alcohol or Ethanol solutions or Ethyl alcohol solutions  
**Transport hazard class(es)**  
**Class** 3

<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Label(s)</b>	3
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Special provisions</b>	24, B1, IB3, T2, TP1
<b>Packaging exceptions</b>	4b, 150
<b>Packaging non bulk</b>	203
<b>Packaging bulk</b>	242
	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

#### IATA

<b>UN number</b>	UN1170
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	Ethanol
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary class(es)</b>	-
<b>Packaging group</b>	III
<b>Labels required</b>	Not available.
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	No.
<b>ERG Code</b>	3L
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
<b>Other information</b>	
<b>Passenger and cargo aircraft</b>	Allowed with restrictions.
<b>Cargo aircraft only</b>	Allowed with restrictions.

#### IMDG

<b>UN number</b>	UN1170
<b>UN proper shipping name</b>	ETHANOL (ETHYL ALCOHOL) or ETHANOL SOLUTION (ETHYL ALCOHOL SOLUTION)
<b>Transport hazard class(es)</b>	
<b>Class</b>	3
<b>Subsidiary risk</b>	-
<b>Packing group</b>	III
<b>Environmental hazards</b>	
<b>Marine pollutant</b>	No.
<b>EmS</b>	F-E, S-D
<b>Special precautions for user</b>	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
	144,223

**Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code** Not established.

#### DOT





## 15. Regulatory information

**US federal regulations** This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)

#### TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

### CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) Listed.

POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE (CAS 1310-58-3) Listed.

### SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

### OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

### Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

#### SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

**SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical** Yes

**Classified hazard categories** Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

**Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)** Not regulated.

#### FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) Low priority

GLYCERIN (CAS 56-81-5) Other Flavoring Substances with OSHA PEL's

### US state regulations

#### California Proposition 65



**WARNING:** This product can expose you to ETHANOL, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) Listed: April 29, 2011

Listed: July 1, 1988

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

ETHANOL (CAS 64-17-5) Listed: October 1, 1987

### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)  
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

## 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

<b>Issue date</b>	03-25-2024
<b>Version #</b>	01
<b>HMIS® ratings</b>	Health: 0 Flammability: 3 Physical hazard: 0
<b>NFPA ratings</b>	Health: 0 Flammability: 3 Instability: 0
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